## Appendix 1

## Statistics Guide for Research Grant Applicants Checklist

Tick [ ✓ ] those that apply

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Design
Is the study observational? [ ]
  (see A-1.1 and A-1.2)
            If Yes
            Is it a cohort study? [ ]
               (see A-1.3)
            Is it a case-control study? [ ]
               (see A-1.4)
            • Is it a cross-sectional study? [ ]
               (see A-1.5)
                          If Yes to cross-sectional study
                          Is it a prevalence study? [ ]
                            (see A-1.5a)
                          • Is it estimating sensitivity and specificity? [ ]
                            (see A-1.5b and A-1.5c)
                          Is it an ecological study? [ ]
                            (see A-1.5d)

    Have you addressed the issue of confounding in your proposal? [ ]

               (see A-1.6)
Is the study experimental? [ ]
 (see A-1.1, A-1.2)
            If Yes

    Is the study a type of trial e.g. a clinical trial? [ ]

               (see A-1.7, A-1.8)
                          If Yes

    Is the study a controlled trial

                            (i.e. is there a control group)? [ ]
                            (see A-1.8 and B-3)

    Is it a randomised trial

                            (i.e. are study subjects randomly allocated to groups)? [ ]
                            (see A-1.8 and B-5)
                                       If Yes to randomised trial

    Is it important to have similar numbers in each randomisation

                                          group? (you may need to use blocks) [ ]
                                          (see B-5.6)

    Are any known factors strongly prognostic? [ ]

                                          (you may need to randomise in strata)
                                          (see B-5.7)
                                                     If Yes to strongly prognostic factors
                                                     Is the proposed sample size small? [ ]
                                                       (see B-5.8)

    Are groups of individuals to be randomised together to the

                                          same treatment? [ ]
                                          (see B-5.9)
                                        • Is this a cross over trial? [ ]
                                           (see B-5.10b)
                            Is the assessor blind? [ ]
                             (see A-1.8 and B-4)
                            Are the study subjects blind? [ ]
                             (see A-1.8 and B-4)
Is the study prospective? [ ]
 (see A-2)
            If Yes
            • Have you specified the length of follow up? [ ]
             (see A-2)
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| The Study Subjects   |
|--|
| (see A-3)  |
| Have you described where they come from? [ ]   |
| Have you explained why they are an appropriate group? [ ]  |
| Have you described how the study subjects will be selected? [ ]  |
| Have you specified inclusion / exclusion criteria? [ ]   |
| Have you specified your proposed sample size taking into account refusals/drop-outs? [ ]   |
| Types of Variables   |
| (see A-4)  |
| <ul> <li>Have you described all outcome and explanatory variables in terms of data type and scale of<br/>measurement? [ ]<br/>(see A-4.1 and A-4.2)</li> </ul>   |
| <ul> <li>Have you described how the data will be collected? [ ]<br/>(see A-4.3)</li> </ul>   |
| • If using a questionnaire or a non-standard measurement, have you provided information on its reliability and validity? [ ] (see A-4.4, A-4.4a, A-4.4b, A-4.4c) |
| Sample Size  |
| Have you provided a sample size calculation? [ ]     (see D-1)   |
| • Have you defined the outcome variable(s) used in the sample size calculation? [ ] (see D-5)  |
| Have you defined the effect size which would be of clinical importance? [ ]     (see D-4.5)  |
| • Have you described the power and significance level of the sample size calculation? [ ] (see D-4.3 and D-4.4)  |
| <ul> <li>Has your sample size made allowance for expected response rates and other sample<br/>attrition? [ ]<br/>(see D-6)</li> </ul>                            |
| • Is your sample size consistent with the study aims? [ ] (see <i>D-7</i> )  |
| <ul> <li>Is your sample size consistent with the proposed analysis of the study? [ ]</li> <li>(see D-7)</li> </ul>   |
| • Is your description of the sample size calculation adequate? [ ] (See examples in D-8)   |
| Statistical Analysis   |
| Have you described the proposed statistical methods using appropriate terminology? [ ]   |
| (see E-1.1, E-1.2) • Are the proposed methods appropriate for the <i>types</i> of data generated by your study? [ ]  |
| <ul> <li>(see E-2, E-2.1, E-11)</li> <li>Will the assumptions made by the proposed methods hold? [ ]</li> </ul>  |
| <ul> <li>(see E-4, E-4.1)</li> <li>Do the proposed methods take account of the structure of the data set (structure such as hierarchy,</li> </ul>                |
| clustering, matching, paired data)? [ ]  (see E-3, E-6.1, E-6.2, E-10)   |
| • Have important confounding factors been listed and methods of adjusting for them presented? [ ] (see E-5)  |
| • Will the proposed methods take account of multiple testing where appropriate? [ ] (see E-7.1, E-7.2, E-7.3, E-7.4a, E-7.4b, E-7.4c, E-7.4d, E-7.4e, E-7.4f)    |
| • Have biases due to measurement error been considered e.g. regression towards the mean? [ ]   |
| (see E-8)  |
| <ul> <li>Have details on the calculation of confidence intervals been provided? [ ]</li> <li>(see E-12)</li> </ul>   |
| For clinical trials only   |
| •Have you specified that your analysis will be by intention to treat? [ ] (see E-9)  |

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