

Two-fluid equations

Contents

- Review derivation from Boltzmann equation
- Collision operator moments
- Types of closure

Boltzmann equation

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial t} + \underline{v} \cdot \nabla f + \frac{\underline{F}}{m} \cdot \frac{\partial f}{\partial \underline{v}} = C_s(f) \quad f_s(t, \underline{x}, \underline{v})$$

$s = e, i, \dots$

$$C_s(f) = \sum_{s'} C_{s,s'}(f_s, f_{s'})$$

usually assumed bilinear

$$n(t, \underline{x}) = \int f(t, \underline{x}, \underline{v}) d\underline{v}$$

$$n \underline{u}(t, \underline{x}) = \int \underline{v} f(t, \underline{x}, \underline{v}) d\underline{v}$$

⋮

$$\int \underline{v}^n f(t, \underline{x}, \underline{v}) d\underline{v}$$

Moments of the distribution function

$$\frac{\partial n}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (n \underline{u}) = 0$$

$$\int C(f) d\underline{v} = 0$$

$$m \left[\frac{\partial n \underline{u}}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (n \underline{u} \underline{u}) \right] + \nabla \cdot \underline{P} = q n (\underline{E} + \underline{u} \times \underline{B}) + \underline{R}$$

↑ Pressure tensor
↙ charge
↘ friction
 $m \int C(f) \underline{v} d\underline{v}$

$$\underline{\underline{P}} = \int m \underline{\underline{\omega}} \underline{\underline{\omega}} f(\epsilon, \underline{x}, \underline{v}) d\underline{v}$$

$$\underline{\underline{\omega}} = \underline{v} - \underline{u}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \text{Tr}[\underline{\underline{P}}] = p \text{ scalar pressure}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} p & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & p & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & p \end{pmatrix} \begin{array}{l} \text{ideal} \\ \text{MHD} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} p = \int \frac{1}{2} m \omega^2 f(\epsilon, \underline{x}, \underline{v}) d\underline{v}$$

$$\underline{\underline{R}} = \sum_{s'} m_s C_{s,s'}(f_s, f_{s'}) \underline{v} d\underline{v}$$

$$\int m_s C_{s,s'}(f_s, f_{s'}) \underline{v} d\underline{v}$$

$$= - \int m_{s'} C_{s',s}(f_{s'}, f_s) \underline{v} d\underline{v}$$

conservation of momentum

internal energy

$$\underline{\underline{P}} = p \underline{\underline{\Pi}} + \underline{\underline{\Pi}}$$

\uparrow scalar pressure \uparrow viscosity tensor

$$\frac{3}{2} \frac{\partial p}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot \left(\frac{3}{2} p \underline{u} \right) + \underline{\underline{P}} : \nabla \underline{u} + \nabla \cdot \underline{q} = \underline{\omega}_s$$

$\frac{p}{\alpha\beta} \frac{\partial u_\beta}{\partial x_\alpha}$ \uparrow heat flux

\downarrow heat exchange with other species

$$? \underline{\underline{q}} = \int \frac{1}{2} m \omega^2 \underline{\underline{\omega}} f(\epsilon, \underline{x}, \underline{v}) d\underline{v}$$

$$\omega_s = \sum_{s'} \omega_{s,s'}(f_s, f_{s'})$$

$$\omega_s = \sum_{s'} \frac{1}{2} m \omega^2 C_{s,s'}(f_s, f_{s'})$$

Energy conservation: Internal + kinetic

$$\omega_{s,s'} + (u_s - u_{s'}) \cdot \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{friction}}}{R_{s,s'}} = -\omega_{s',s}$$

Missing terms

- Viscosity tensor $\underline{\underline{\Pi}}$
- Heat flux \underline{q}
- Collision operator: \underline{R}, ω