

Cold plasma wave dispersion

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$$\nabla \times \underline{\underline{B}} = \mu_0 \underline{\underline{J}} + \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial \underline{\underline{E}}}{\partial t}$$

$$\nabla \times \underline{\underline{E}} = - \frac{\partial \underline{\underline{B}}}{\partial t}$$

$$\sim e^{i(\underline{k} \cdot \underline{x} - \omega t)}$$

$$\nabla \rightarrow i \underline{k}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \rightarrow -i\omega$$

$$\underline{k} \times \underline{\underline{B}} = -i\mu_0 \underline{\underline{J}} - \frac{\omega}{c^2} \underline{\underline{E}}$$

$$\underline{k} \times \underline{\underline{E}} = \omega \underline{\underline{B}}$$

$$\underline{k} \times (\underline{k} \times \underline{\underline{E}}) = -i\omega \mu_0 \underline{\underline{J}} - \frac{\omega^2}{c^2} \underline{\underline{E}}$$

$$\underline{k}(\underline{k} \cdot \underline{\underline{E}}) - k^2 \underline{\underline{E}}$$

plasma response

$$\underline{\underline{J}} = \underline{\underline{\sigma}} \cdot \underline{\underline{E}}$$

$\underline{\underline{\sigma}}$ conductivity tensor

$$\underbrace{\left[\underline{k} \underline{k} - k^2 + i\omega \mu_0 \underline{\sigma} + \frac{\omega^2}{c^2} \right]}_{\text{tensor (3x3 matrix)}} \cdot \underline{E} = 0$$

Determinant = 0 allows $\underline{E} \neq 0$

Cold plasma $\rho_e = \rho_i = 0$

Momentum equations for ions, electrons

$$m_i n \frac{\partial \underline{u}_i}{\partial t} = \underline{j} \times \underline{B}_0$$

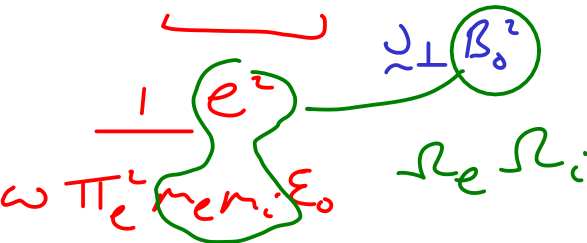
$$e^{i(\underline{k} \cdot \underline{x} - \omega t)}$$

$$\underline{E} + \underline{u}_i \times \underline{B}_0 = \frac{\underline{j} \times \underline{B}_0}{en} + \frac{m_e}{ne^2} \frac{\partial \underline{j}}{\partial t}$$

$$-i\omega m_i n \underline{u}_i = \underline{j} \times \underline{B}_0$$

$$\underline{E} + \underline{u}_i \times \underline{B}_0 = \frac{\underline{j} \times \underline{B}_0}{en_0} - \frac{m_e}{ne^2} i\omega \underline{j}$$

$$\underline{E} + \frac{i}{\omega m_i n} (\underline{j} \times \underline{B}_0) \times \underline{B}_0 = \frac{\underline{j} \times \underline{B}_0}{en_0} - i\omega \frac{m_e}{e^2 n} \underline{j}$$



$$\Omega_e \Omega_i$$

$$\Omega_e = -\frac{e B_0}{m_e} \quad \Omega_i = \frac{e B_0}{m_i}$$

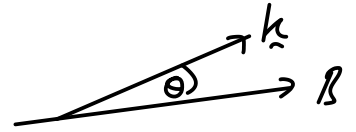
$$\Pi_e = \sqrt{\frac{ne^2}{\epsilon_0 m_e}}$$

$$i\omega \epsilon_0 \underline{E} = \frac{1}{\Pi_e^2} \left[\Omega_e \Omega_i \underline{j}_\perp - i\omega \Omega_e \underline{j} \times \underline{b}_0 + \omega^2 \underline{j} \right]$$

Relationship between $\underline{\epsilon}$ and $\underline{D} \rightarrow \underline{\sigma}$

choose z along $\underline{\beta}$

$$\underline{k} = \begin{pmatrix} k_x \\ 0 \\ k_z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} k_{\perp} \\ 0 \\ k_{\parallel} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} k \sin \theta \\ 0 \\ k \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}$$



Results in

$$\begin{pmatrix} S - N_{\parallel}^2 & -iD & N_{\parallel}N_{\perp} \\ iD & S - N^2 & 0 \\ N_{\parallel}N_{\perp} & 0 & P - N_{\perp}^2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} E_x \\ E_y \\ E_z \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

Determinant = 0

$$N^2 = \frac{ck}{\omega} \quad N_{\parallel} = \frac{ck_{\parallel}}{\omega} \quad N_{\perp} = \frac{ck_{\perp}}{\omega}$$

$N^2 > 0$ propagating (oscillating)

$N^2 < 0$ decaying wave (evanescent)

$N^2 \rightarrow 0$ reflect

$N^2 \rightarrow \infty$ absorption (resonance)

$$S = \frac{R+L}{2} \quad D = \frac{R-L}{2}$$

$$R \approx 1 - \frac{\pi e^2}{(\omega + \Re e)(\omega + \Im i)} \quad L \approx 1 - \frac{\pi e^2}{(\omega - \Re e)(\omega - \Im i)}$$

Right-handed ↖ note $\Re e < 0$

Left-handed

$$P = 1 - \frac{\Pi e^2}{\omega^2} \quad \text{plasma frequency}$$

Parallel waves

$$\underline{k} = k_{\parallel} \underline{b} \quad k_{\perp} = k_x = 0 \quad N_{\perp} = 0$$

$$\underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} S - N^2 & -iD & 0 \\ iD & S - N^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & P \end{pmatrix}}_{\text{Determinant}} \begin{pmatrix} E_x \\ E_y \\ E_z \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$(S - N^2)^2 P - (-iD)(iD)P = 0$$

$$[(S - N^2)^2 - D^2]P = 0$$

$$P = 0 \quad \omega^2 = \Pi e^2 \quad \text{Langmuir wave} \\ \text{no group velocity}$$

$$(S - N^2)^2 - D^2 = 0$$

$$\left(\frac{R+L}{2} - N^2 \right)^2 = \left(\frac{R-L}{2} \right)^2$$

$$N^2 = R \quad \text{right handed}$$

$$N^2 = L \quad \text{left handed}$$

Whistler waves