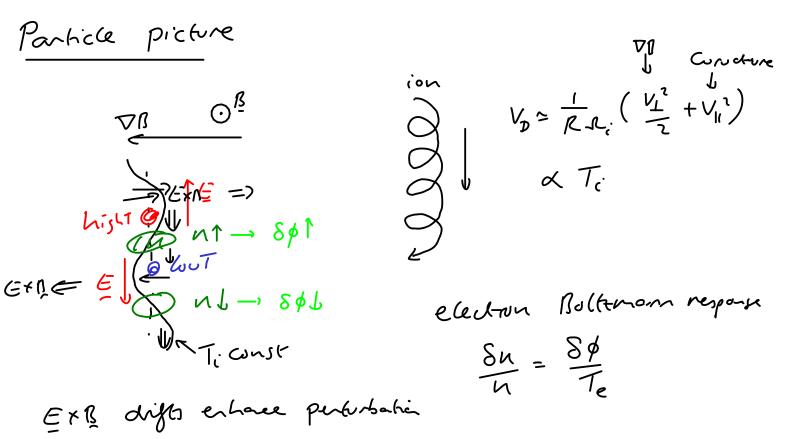
## ITG instability

Contents

Ref: ITG-like Instability in the Two-Fluid Model in Slab Geometry D.D.Schnack et al. 2011

- Particle drift picture
- Extended MHD model, FLR effects
- Gyroviscous cancellation
- Dispersion relation



$$F(u) d = \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = -\nabla \cdot (n u)$$

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$$\frac{dP_{i}}{dt} = -\delta P_{i} \nabla \cdot \mu - (\delta - 1) \nabla \cdot q_{i} \qquad \forall = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{dP_{e}}{dt} = -\delta P_{e} \nabla \cdot \mu_{e}$$

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$$\frac{dP_{e}}{dt} = \frac{1}{3} \nabla \cdot P_{i}$$

$$\frac{dP_{e}}{dt} = \frac{1}{3} \nabla \cdot q_{i}$$

$$\frac{dP_{e}}{dt} = \frac{1}{3} \nabla \cdot q_{i}$$

Dispusion relation frequency  

$$(\omega^2 - \omega_{s*}^2)\omega - \omega_{se}^2\omega_{FTi} = 0$$
  
 $\int_{\text{Sound value}} \int_{H_1} dTi$   
 $H_1 Cs = 0$ 

if dTi snot =>  $\omega^2 = \omega_{sk}^2$  Sound crowe

