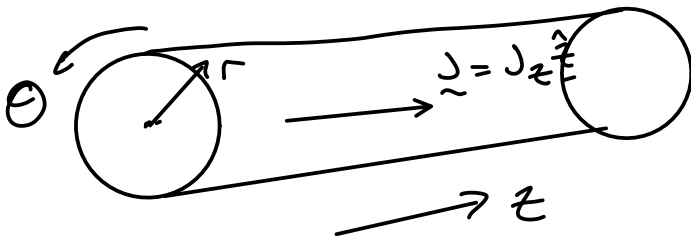


Z-pinch

Contents

- Z pinch configuration
- General expression for force balance
- Magnetic tension
- Magnetic curvature



$$\underline{J} = J_z(r) \hat{z}$$

Ideal MHD $\underline{J} \times \underline{B} = \nabla P$

$$\nabla \times \underline{B} = \mu_0 \underline{J} \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}, \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \rightarrow 0$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r B_\theta) = \mu_0 J_z \quad B_\theta = \frac{1}{r} \int r \mu_0 J_z dr$$

assume J_z constant

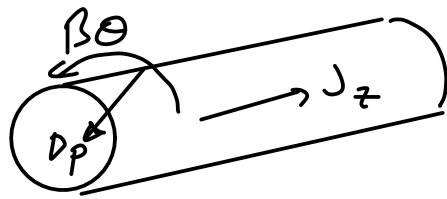
$$\underline{J} \times \underline{B} = J_z \hat{z} \times B_\theta \hat{\theta}$$

$$\Rightarrow B_\theta = \frac{\mu_0 J_z r}{2}$$

$$= J_z^2 \frac{\mu_0}{2} r \underbrace{\hat{z} \times \hat{\theta}}_{-\hat{r}}$$

$$\underline{J} \times \underline{B} = \nabla P = \frac{\partial P}{\partial r} \hat{r}$$

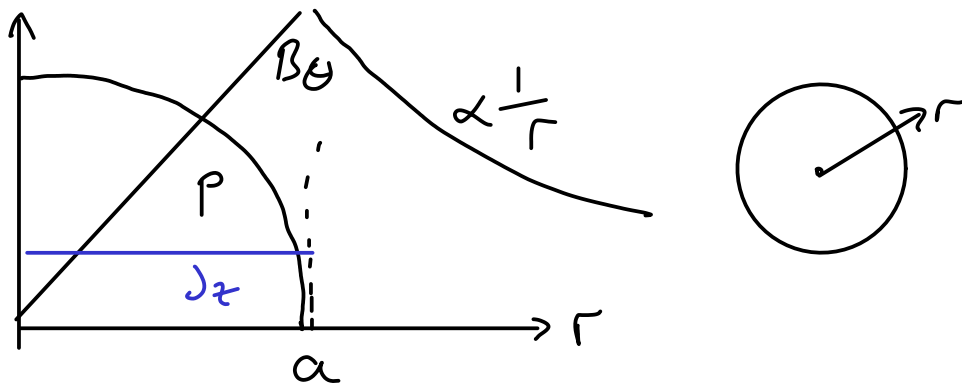
$$- J_z^2 \frac{\mu_0}{2} r = \frac{\partial P}{\partial r}$$



$p(r)$ at $r=a$ (edge of plane) $p=0$

$$p(r) = \int_a^r (-J_z^2 \frac{\mu_0}{2} r) dr$$

$$= \left[-\frac{\mu_0}{2} J_z^2 \frac{1}{2} r^2 \right]_a^r = \underline{\underline{\frac{\mu_0 J_z^2}{4} (a^2 - r^2)}}$$



General $J_z(r)$

$$\underline{\underline{J}} \times \underline{\underline{B}} = \frac{1}{r\mu_0} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r B_\theta) \hat{z} \times B_\theta \hat{\theta}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{r\mu_0} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r B_\theta) B_\theta \hat{r}$$

$$r \frac{\partial B_\theta}{\partial r} + B_\theta$$

$$\underline{\underline{J}} \times \underline{\underline{B}} = \left[-\frac{B_\theta^2}{r\mu_0} - \frac{1}{\mu_0} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(\frac{B_\theta^2}{2} \right) \right] \hat{r}$$

$$= \frac{\partial P}{\partial r} \hat{r}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(P + \frac{\beta_0^2}{2\mu_0} \right) + \frac{\beta_0^2}{r\mu_0} = 0$$

↑
fluid
pressure

↑
Magnetic
pressure

↑
Magnetic
tension



General force balance

$$\underline{j} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \nabla \times \underline{B}$$

$$\underline{j} \times \underline{B} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} (\nabla \times \underline{B}) \times \underline{B} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \left[(\underline{B} \cdot \nabla) \underline{B} - \nabla \left(\frac{\beta^2}{2} \right) \right]$$

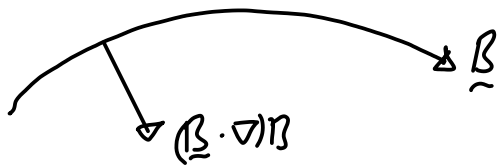
(exact, vector identities)

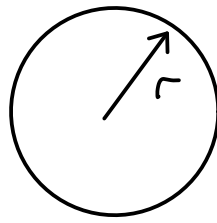
$$= \frac{1}{\mu_0} (\underline{B} \cdot \nabla) \underline{B} - \nabla \left(\frac{\beta^2}{2\mu_0} \right)$$

so in general

$$\nabla \left(P + \frac{\beta^2}{2\mu_0} \right) - \frac{1}{\mu_0} (\underline{B} \cdot \nabla) \underline{B} = 0$$

↑
Magnetic tension





$$(\underline{B} \cdot \nabla) \underline{B} = -\frac{B^2}{r} \underline{\hat{r}}$$