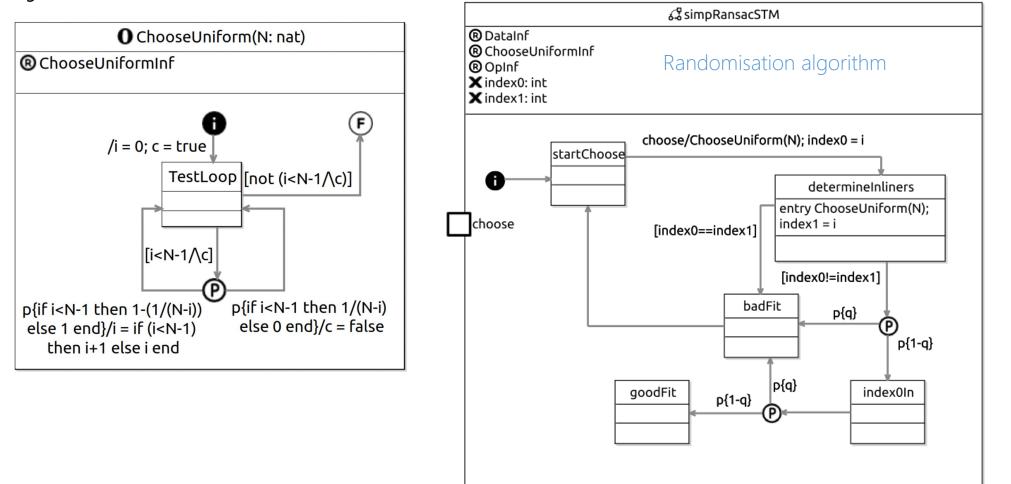


Probabilistic modelling and verification, and Animation in RoboChart

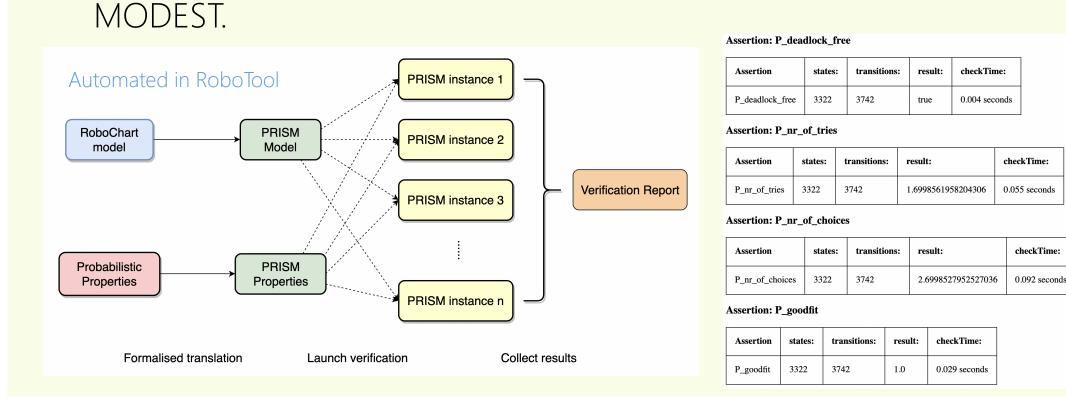
Probabilistic Modelling

- Probabilistic choice is made at probabilistic junctions.
- Each outgoing transition must have a probability value (inside p{ }) between 0.0 and 1.0.
- Probability values of all outgoing transitions from a probabilistic junction sum to 1.0.



Probabilistic Model Checking

- RoboChart's probabilistic semantics given in MDP and automated generation of semantics for PRISM in RoboTool
- Formalised translation from RoboChart to PRISM
- Run multiple instances of PRISM: one for each property
- Easily extended to other probabilistic model checkers like Storm and



Statistic Model Checking

Probabilistic Property Language

Based on the PRISM's		<pre>constants C1: A constant configuration ransacMOD::ransacRP::N set to 6, and ransacMOD::ransacRP::p set to 1/3 prob property P_deadlock_free: not Exists [Finally deadlock] with constants C1</pre>		
property language (PCTL*) for				
DTMC and MDP				
Allow to specify properties				
using variables,	constants C1: Simulation with multiple constant configurations			
EXDIESSIONS, STATES, II		<pre>MAX from set {10,000 to 80,000 by step 1000}, M set to 30, and N set to 30 rob property P_prob_full_coverage_bound: Prob>=0.8 of [Finally \$visits == M * N] using sim with CI at alpha=0.01, n=1000, and pathlen =1000000 with constant C1</pre>		
events, functions, propert				
operations, etc. using sim				
from DoboChart				
models.	prob property F	P_goodfit: Quantitative property		
Properties are	<pre>Prob=? of [Finally ransacMOD::ransacCTRL::stm_ref0 is in ransacMOD::ransacCTRL::stm_ref0::goodFit]</pre>			
specified in a				
particular	prob property P_1:			
constant	Forall [Globa	<pre>lly (Finally (fd==2) and (Next (fd==0)))]</pre>		

configuration, function definitions, or uncertain environment.

Formally Verified Animation for RoboChart

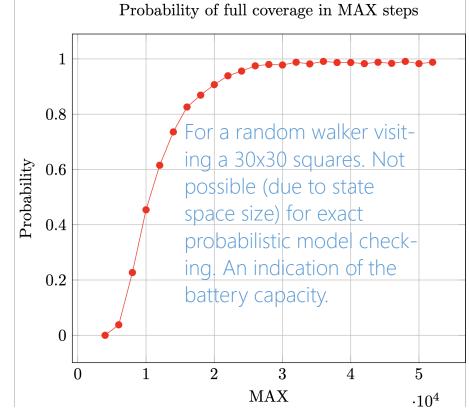
Operational semantics of RoboChart given in interaction trees

(mechanised in Isabelle/HOL)

 Generated Haskell code for animation (on terminal now)

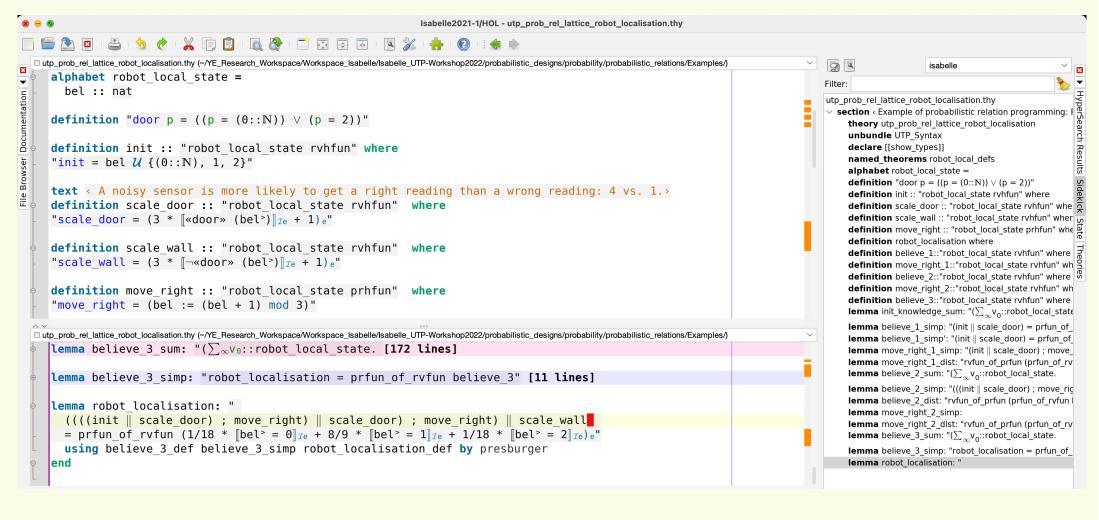
imports Chemical::* Location::*	Operations	• move(lv: real, a: Angle) [terminates]	O shortRandomWalk() [terminat
		OremicalDetector	
		문 Operations odometer: real	odometer: real

- Approximate results
- Analyse properties on a large number of (Monte Carlo) simulations
- Able to analyse big models
- Illustrations and debugging problems
- Design space exploration (DSE)
- Generate test cases that satisfy or



Theorem Proving

- Denotational semantics of probabilistic programs in UTP
- Both epistemic and aleatoric uncertainty
- Mechanised in Isabelle/UTP

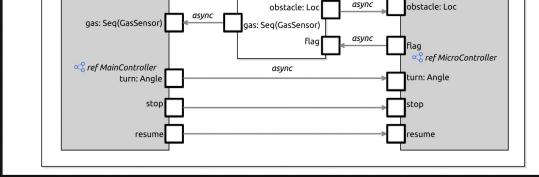


• Able to animate a state machine,

an operation, a controller, or a whole model

Animation of a chemical detector model in a scenaric detected an intensive gas.





Internal Activity... Events: (1) RandomWalkCall (); (2) Gas (Din, []); (3) Gas (Din, [(0, 0)]); (4) Gas (Din, [(0, 1)]); (5) Gas (Din, [(1, 0)]); (6) Gas (Din, [(1, 1)]); (7) Gas (Din, [(0, 0),(0, 0)]); (8) Gas (Din, [(0, 0),(0, 1)]); (9) Gas (Din, [(0, 0),(1, 0)]); (10) Gas (Din, [(0, 0),(1, 1)]); (11) Gas (Din, [(0, 1),(0, 0)]); (12) Gas (Din, [(0, 1),(0, 1)]); (13) Gas (Din, [(0, 1),(1, 0)]); (14) Gas (Din, [(0, 1),(1, 1)]); (15) Gas (Din, [(1 1, 0),(0, 0)]); (16) Gas (Din, [(1, 0),(0, 1)]); (17) Gas (Din, [(1, 0),(1, 0)]); (18) Gas (Din, [(1, 0),(1 , 1)]); (19) Gas (Din, [(1, 1),(0, 0)]); (20) Gas (Din, [(1, 1),(0, 1)]); (21) Gas (Din, [(1, 1),(1, 0)]); (22) Gas (Din, [(1, 1),(1, 1)]);

1 [Choose: 1-22]: RandomWalkCall () Events: (1) Gas (Din, []); (2) Gas (Din, [(0, 0)]); (3) Gas (Din, [(0, 1)]); (4) Gas (Din, [(1, 0)]); (5) G as (Din, [(1, 1)]); (6) Gas (Din, [(0, 0),(0, 0)]); (7) Gas (Din, [(0, 0),(0, 1)]); (8) Gas (Din, [(0, 0),(1, 0)]); (9) Gas (Din, [(0, 0),(1, 1)]); (10) Gas (Din, [(0, 1),(0, 0)]); (11) Gas (Din, [(0, 1),(0, 1)]); (12) Gas (Din, [(0, 1),(1, 0)]); (13) Gas (Din, [(0, 1),(1, 1)]); (14) Gas (Din, [(1, 0),(0, 0)]); (15) Gas (Din, [(1, 0),(0, 1)]); (16) Gas (Din, [(1, 0),(1, 0)]); (17) Gas (Din, [(1, 0),(1, 1)]); (18) Gas (Din, [(1, 1),(0, 0)]); (19) Gas (Din, [(1, 1),(0, 1)]); (20) Gas (Din, [(1, 1),(1, 0)]); (21) Gas (Din, [(1, 1),(1, 1)]);

, [Choose: 1–21]: Gas (Din, [(0, 0),(1, 1)]) Internal Activity... Events: (1) MoveCall (0,Chemical_Angle_Front);

[Choose: 1–1]: MoveCall (0,Chemical_Angle_Front) Events: (1) Flag Dout;

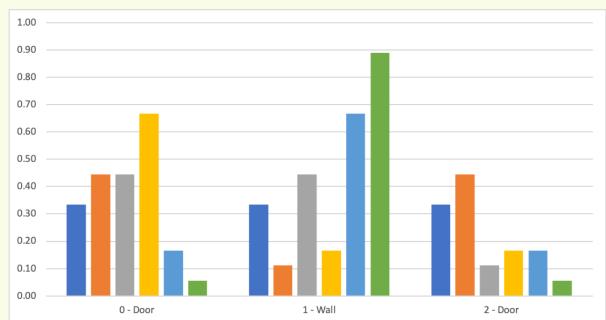
Choose: 1–1]: Flag Dout nternal Activity... minated: ()

• Able to reason about large models with an infinite state space For any $N \geq 1$,

 $(\forall j \bullet j < (N-1) \Rightarrow (prob' (\mathbf{v}[j, false/i, c] = 1/N))) \land$ $prob' (\mathbf{v}[(N-1), true/i, c]) = 1/N)) \land$ *true* ⊢ \sqsubseteq Choose Uniform(N)

• Bayesian belief model

Localisation: robot's belief in its current position changed after 3 sensor readings and two movements: very likely (nearly 90%) it is in front of wall NOW.





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Engineering and **Physical Sciences Research Council**